





# **Council of Governors**

**Benefits Overview** 

14<sup>th</sup> March 2019









- Provide Council of Governors with an <u>overview</u> of the Benefits Realisation process.
- Look ahead to July when we would like to give Council of Governors live <u>examples</u> of benefits to service users









- The challenge of describing our merger benefits
- The process
- How we are going to deliver benefit
- What benefits we are going to deliver
- In the real world









- Our merger enables transformation and benefit less direct but greater in scope than other mergers
- Our benefits will be delivered over time on an ongoing basis
- Measuring intangibles (prevention, equity etc) and across the system
- Pinning down the ICS counterfactual
- Desire to avoid top-down 'management by formula' at expense of co-production – colleagues and service users







### STRATEGIC CASE

Section 56A Merger By Way of Acquisition

<sup>2</sup>gether NHS Foundation Trust &

Gloucestershire Care Services NHS Trust

Through, evidence, example, engagement and appreciative enquiry - identify and register merger impacts:

- · Benefits and opportunities
- Obstacles

#### Adam's story

Ensure that people with mental illness and learning disability receive equity of service and outcomes. Improve the care management and outcomes for the population with physical and mental co-morbidity.

What's WorkingWell?

Adam is 50 years old and has a long history of 50 year discorder, shruggles with anxiety, is ever weight and smokes heavily. When Adams mental health deteriorates his less able to manage his disbetic medication. Recently admitted to Charlton Lane, he has developed suspected aspticusmia due to an infected abacess on his froct. Adam was to avoid an admission to the south health discount of the could have exacerbated his mental health could have exacerbated his mental health.

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The life expectancy for people with bipolar disorder or schizophrenia is 15 to 20 years below that of the general population, lengely as a result of raised rates of cardiovascular disease and other physical health conditions. For mental health is associated with higher rates of smoking, atochol and drug abuse, lower educational outcomes, poorer employment prospects, lower resilience, decreased social participation and worse social relationships – all of which leave people at society and contract of developing a range of physical

Being able to assess and manage urgent physical deterioration and avoid unnecessary admission to an acute environment.

#### Even Better If

- Establishing this way of working as business as usual
- Joining up learning and development to enhance professional competencies and skills.
- Sharing data and information to develop a "whole person" preventative approach to risk stratification and care planning
- Developing consistent approaches to support people to adopt healthy lifestyles and to enable self-management

### Realise Benefits

- Register target benefits
- Develop counterfactual and target
- Assign ownership
- Outline task
- Set timelines
- Set success indicators
- Track and evaluate

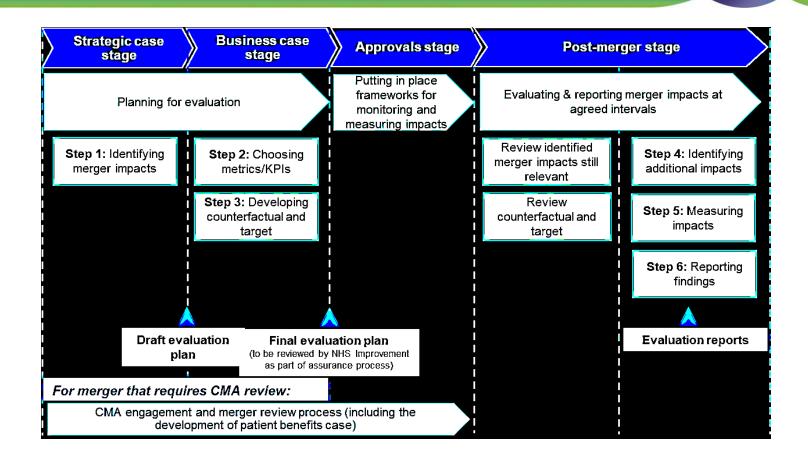
### Plan and deliver through:

- Programmes and plans
- Quality improvement
- Engagement & partnership
- Organisational development













## **HOW WE DELIVER BENEFIT**



- Transforming Organisation
- Service Objectives
  - Best care, experience, place, evidence, people
- Quality improvement
- In the meantime 'permission to act'





## WHAT BENEFITS?



- The compelling narrative
- Benefits table
- Current initiatives Service user stories









### CARING FOR AND WITH PEOPLE IN A HOLISTIC WAY

### A COMPELLING NARRATIVE

There is nationally and locally an unacceptable inequity of care and outcomes for those with mental health conditions or with learning disabilities and a poor understanding and handling of physical and mental comorbidity.

Whilst we are justifiably proud of the high level of care we already provide, we can serve our communities and our health service colleagues better by taking a whole person approach and integrating mental and physical care, its management and associated research and development. We should also make it easier for those with learning disabilities to access the physical and mental healthcare they need. We need to do all this at pace and with direction.

There are currently significant non-clinical, structural and regulatory obstacles to our providing the whole person approach and integrated care that our communities need.

These obstacles to transforming care can be best overcome by building on the collaborative approach already in place and integrating the delivery of physical and mental care through a single transformational organisation.

The resulting integrated Trust will be a strong, sustainable and valued partner in the emerging health and care system, playing its full role in transforming the well-being of the region though integrated and place based care. It will provide evidence-based thought leadership.









- Benefits table (Strategic Case)
  - Service Users Collective
  - Service Users Individual
  - Trust
  - Local Economy

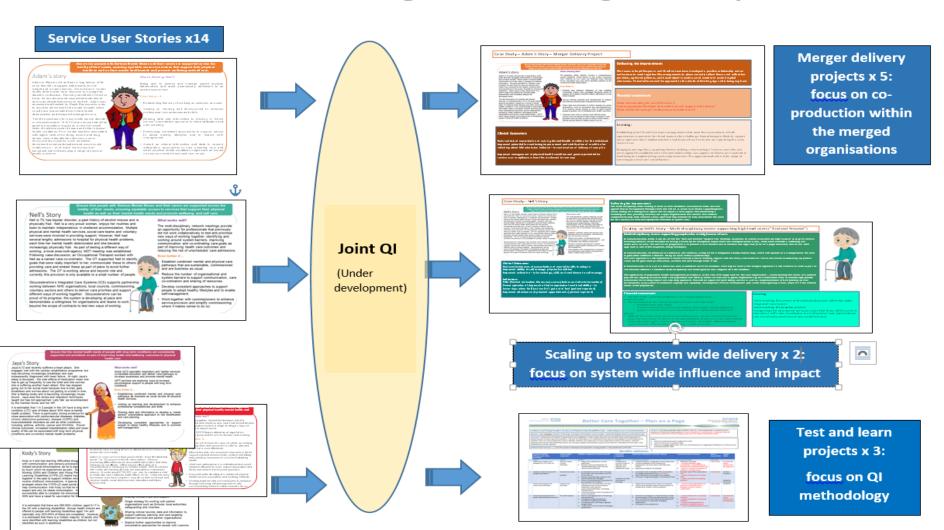








## **Transformation Programme – Proving the Concept**









## Small but scalable examples of:

- Integrated care
- Parity of esteem
- Improved service user and carer experience
- Improved care
- Improved access to care for those with mental health conditions or learning disability

# Quantify









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